

Subject Title	Korean Modernization and Current Issue		
Lecturer	Yunjeong Yang	Remarks	
Period	2nd (11:00 ~ 12:50)	Field	Sociology
Course Summary Synopsis & Purpose	This course aims to expose students to debates and alternative approaches to development by critically assessing the Korean developmental path. In the first part of this course, Korean modern history is reviewed, starting from the Park Chung Hee regime and its political and economic bureaucracy, often known as one of the main engines of Korea's rapid economic growth. Less well-known legacies of the regime, such as labour, civil society and women issues, are also critically assessed. The second part of the course deals with more current issues and those issues relating to social integration or inclusion are particularly emphasised: weekly topics will cover today's varied social divisions by work status, age, gender and ethnicity. This course is expected to raise awareness among students about the importance of social integration in building a sustainable society.		
Required Textbooks	Kim, B.K. and Vogel, E.F. (eds) 2011. <i>The Park Chung Hee Era: The Transformation of South Korea</i> . Cambridge; London: Harvard University Press. Kim, H.A. and Sorensen, C.W. (eds) 2011. <i>Reassessing the Park Chung Hee Era, 1961-1979: Development, Political Thought, Democracy, and Cultural Influence</i> . Seattle, WA: University of Washington Press.		
A manner of Lecturing			

Evaluation (100%)				
Mid	Final	Attendance	Report	ETC
-	-	20	20	60
Further Information				
Report: Post-Fieldtrips / ETC: Four Reading notes				

Day	Contents
1	Introduction to the course
2	Korean 'Han Mirade' and its explanations: Developmental State and Park Chung Hee Kang, M. (2011) Compressed modernization and the formation of a developmentalist mentalité. In Kim & Sorensen (eds) ch 9. Dominguez, J.I. (2011) The perfect dictatorship? South Korea versus Argentina, Brazil, Chile, and Mexico. In Kim & Vogel (eds) ch 20. Noble, G.W. (2011) Industrial policy in key developmental sectors: South Korea versus Japan and Taiwan. In Kim & Vogel (eds) ch 21. Kohli, A. (1999) Where do high-growth political economics come from? The Japanese lineage of Korea's "Developmental State". In Woo-Cumings, M. (ed) <i>The Developmental State</i> . New York: Cornell University Press. pp.93-136.
3	Korean modernization strategies under Park Chaung Hee Kim, B.K. (2011) the Labyrinth of solitude: Park and the exercise of presidential power. In Kim & Vogel (eds) ch 5. Moon, C. and Jun, B. (2011) Modernization strategy: Ideas and influences. In Kim & Vogel (eds) ch 4. Kim, B.K. (2011) The Leviathan: Economic bureaucracy under Park. In Kim & Vogel (eds) ch 7. Kim, E.M. and Park, G.S. (2011) The Chaebol. In Kim & Vogel (eds) ch 9.
4	Labour and human rights Koo, H. (2011) Labor policy and labor relations during the Park Chung Hee era. In Kim & Sorensen

	<p>(eds) ch 7.</p> <p>Chang, D. (2009) ch 5. Toward a critique of the Korean state; ch 6. The early formation of capital relations and the state; ch 7. The politicised development of capital relations and the Korean state.</p> <p>Kwon, S.H. & O'Donnell, M. (1999) Repression and struggle: the state, the chaebol and independent trade unions in South Korea. <i>Journal of Industrial Relations</i>, 41(2): 272-93.</p>
5	<p>Rural development and Saemaul Undong</p> <p>Whang, I.J. (1981) Impact of the <i>Saemaul Undong</i> on rural development in Korea. <i>Journal of East and West Studies</i>, X(1): 23-41.</p> <p>Douglass, M. (2014) The <i>Saemaul Undong</i> in historical perspective and in the contemporary world. In Yi & Mkandawire (eds) <i>Learning from the South Korean Developmental Success</i>, pp. 136-71.</p> <p>Moore, M. (1984) Mobilization and disillusion in rural Korea: the Saemaul movement in retrospect. <i>Pacific Affairs</i>, 57(4): 577-98.</p> <p>Sorensen, C.W. (2011) Rural modernization under the Park regime in the 1960s. In Kim & Sorensen (eds) ch 8.</p> <p>Yang, Y. (2018) Community participation for sustainable rural development: revisiting South Korean rural modernization of the 1970s. <i>Community Development Journal</i>, 53(1): 61-77</p> <p>Kwon, H. (2010) Implications of Korea's Saemaul Undong for international development policy: a structural perspective. <i>The Korean Journal of Policy Studies</i>, 25(3): 87-100.</p>
6	<p>Women in the Korean developmental path</p> <p>Lee, J. (2014) Effective but uneven: Korean development from a gender perspective. In Yi & Mkandawire (eds) ch 13.</p> <p>Hur, S. (2013) Expanding the feminist politics of reproduction in the context of the developmental hegemony of South Korea, <i>Asian Journal of Women's Studies</i>, 19(3): 116-48.</p> <p>Nam, J.L. (1996) Women's role in export dependence and state control of labor unions in South Korea, <i>Women's Studies International Forum</i>, 17(1): 57-67.</p> <p>Kim, H.M. (2001) Work, nation and hypermasculinity: the 'woman' question in the economic miracle and crisis in South Korea, <i>Inter-Asia Cultural Studies</i>, 2(1): 53-68.</p> <p>Das Gupta <i>et al.</i> (2004) State policies and women's agency in China, the Republic of Korea, and India, 1950-2000: Lessons from contrasting experiences. In Rao and Walton (eds) <i>Culture and Public Actions</i>, pp.234-59.</p>
7	<p>Democratization and social movements</p> <p>Chang, P.Y. & Shin, G.W. (2011) Democratization and the evolution of social movements in Korea: institutionalization and diffusion. In Shin, G.W. & Chang, P.Y. (eds) <i>South Korean Social Movements</i>. Routledge, pp. 3-18.</p> <p>Shin, G.W. et al. (2011) The Korean democracy movement: an empirical overview. In Shin, G.W. & Chang, P.Y. (eds) <i>South Korean Social Movements</i>. Routledge, pp. 21-40.</p> <p>Kim, S. (2003) Civil society in democratizing Korea. In Kim, S.S. (ed.) <i>Korea's Democratization</i>. New York: Cambridge University Press, pp. 81-106.</p> <p>Yun, S. (1997) Democratization in South Korea: social movements and their political opportunity structures. <i>Asian Perspective</i>, 21(3): 145-71.</p> <p>Kang, C.S. E. (2003) The developmental state and democratic consolidation in South Korea. In Kim, S.S. (ed.) <i>Korea's Democratization</i>. New York: Cambridge University Press, pp. 220-44.</p>
8	<p>Field trip to National Museum of Korean Contemporary History</p> <p>* Educational video clip on democracy in South Korea, by National Museum of Korean Contemporary History (Jan 10, 2016), available at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Bamd-GpJvdo</p>
9	<p>Today's Korea in a nutshell</p> <p>OECD Society at a Glance; Social Progress Index (Global comparison)</p>
10	<p>Dual labour market</p> <p>Lee, S.J. and Han, T. (2006) The demise of "Korea, Inc.": paradigm shift in Korea's developmental state. <i>Journal of Contemporary Asia</i> 36(3): 305-24.</p> <p>Cho, J., Kim, G.S., and Kwon T. (2008) Employment problems with irregular workers in Korea: a critical approach to government policy. <i>Pacific Affairs</i>, 81(3): 407-26.</p> <p>Chun, J. J. (2009) Legal liminality: the gender and labour politics of organizing South Korea's irregular workforce. <i>Third World Quarterly</i>, 30(3): 535-50.</p> <p>Peng, I. (2011) Economic dualization in Japan and South Korea. In Emmenegger et al. (eds) <i>The Age of</i></p>

	<p><i>Dualization: The changing face of inequality in deindustrializing societies</i>, Oxford University Press, pp. 226-52.</p>
11	<p>Rising women, care and gender equality</p> <p>Sung, S. (2003) Women reconciling paid and unpaid work in a Confucian welfare state: The case of South Korea. <i>Social Policy & Administration</i> 37(4): 342-60.</p> <p>Peng, I. (2011) The Good, the Bad and the Confusing: The Political Economy of Social Care Expansion in South Korea. <i>Development and Change</i> 42(4): 905-23.</p> <p>Kim, S.K. and Kim, K. (2011) Gender mainstreaming and the institutionalization of the women's movement in South Korea. <i>Women's Studies International Forum</i> 34: 390-400.</p> <p>Ringhofer, L. (2015) Time, labour and the household: measuring "time poverty" through a gender lens. <i>Development in Practice</i> 25(3): 321-32.</p> <p>An, M.Y. and Peng, I. (2016) Diverging paths? A comparative look at childcare policies in Japan, South Korea and Taiwan. <i>Social Policy & Administration</i> 50(5): 540-58.</p>
12	<p>Ageing Korea and poverty in later life</p> <p>OECD (2018) <i>Working Better with Age: Korea</i>, Ageing and Employment Policies, OECD Publishing, Paris; available at https://read.oecd-ilibrary.org/employment/working-better-with-age-korea_9789264208261-en#page2.ExecutivesummaryandAssessmentandrecommendations,pp.11-23.</p> <p>Yang, Y. (2012) Is adjustment to retirement an individual responsibility? Socio-contextual conditions and options available to retired persons: the Korean perspective. <i>Ageing & Society</i> 32(2): 177-95.</p> <p>Hwang, G.J. (2009) Old-age security in Korea: the strengthened role of the state? In Fu, T. and Hughes, R. (eds) <i>Ageing in East Asia: Challenges and Policies for the Twenty-First Century</i>. Routledge, pp. 72-88.</p> <p>Yang Y. (2018) Women and gender ideology in aging Korea. In Thomas R. Klassen, Masa Higo, Nopraenue Dhirathiti, and Theresa Devasahayam (eds), <i>Ageing in the Asia-Pacific: Interdisciplinary and Comparative Perspectives</i>, Routledge, pp. 64-77.</p>
13	<p>Migrant workers and migrant carers</p> <p>Denney, S. (2015) South Korea's migrant workers in the public eye. <i>The Diplomat</i>, available at http://thediplomat.com/2015/09/south-koreas-migrant-workers-in-the-public-eye/. September 10, 2015.</p> <p>Seol, D.H. and Han, G.S. (2004) Foreign migrant workers and social discrimination in Korea. <i>Harvard Asia Quarterly</i> 8(1): 45-50.</p> <p>Um, S. (2013) The migration of Asian women for elder care: governing the movement of carers to South Korea. <i>Transnational Social Review</i> 3(2): 155-72.</p> <p>Lee, H. (2012) Political economy of cross-border marriage: Economic development and social reproduction in Korea. <i>Feminist Economics</i> 18(2): 177-200.</p> <p>Choo, H.Y. (2013) The cost of rights: migrant women, feminist advocacy, and gendered morality in South Korea. <i>Gender & Society</i> 27(4): 445-68.</p>
14	<p>Korea as a multi-cultural society?</p> <p>Seol, D. (2010) Which Multiculturalism? Discourse of the Incorporation of Immigrants into Korean Society. <i>Korea Observer</i> 41(4): 593-614.</p> <p>Lee, B. (2009) The Development of Korea's Immigration Policies: Security, Accumulation, Fairness, and Institutional Legitimacy. <i>Korea Observer</i> 40(4): 763-99.</p> <p>Lim, T. (2010) Rethinking Belongingness in Korea: Transnational Migration, "Migrant Marriages" and the Politics of Multiculturalism. <i>Pacific Affairs</i> 83(1): 51-71.</p> <p>Lee, H.K. (2008) International marriage and the state in South Korea: focusing on governmental policy. <i>Citizenship Studies</i> 12(1): 107-23.</p> <p>Kang, S.W. (2010) Multicultural education and the rights to education of migrant children in South Korea. <i>Educational Review</i>, 62(3), 287-300.</p> <p>Watson, I. (2010) Multiculturalism in South Korea: A Critical Assessment. <i>Journal of Contemporary Asia</i> 40(2): 337-46.</p>
15	<p>Field trip to Sungmisan community</p> <p>Douglass, M. (2016) Globopolis vs. Cosmopolis. <i>Global Asia</i>, 11(3): 52-57.</p>
16	<p>Final report due</p>